

Algebraic and Topological Methods in Discrete Mathematics
Finite reflection groups, hyperplane arrangements,
and (oriented) matroids

2. Homework sheet

Problem 1. Let Φ be an irreducible root system. Show that there are at most two different lengths of roots. (Hint: Show this first for root systems of rank 2.)

Problem 2. Let $\Phi = \{\pm(e_j - e_i) : 1 \leq i < j \leq n\}$ be the root system of type A_{n-1} . Every subsets $U \subseteq \Phi$ determines a directed graph $D = (V, A)$ on nodes $V = \{1, \dots, n\}$ and arcs $A = \{(i, j) : e_i - e_j \in U\}$.

- Show that U generates \mathfrak{S}_n if and only if D is connected.
- Show that any minimal generating set U has the same cardinality.
- How many minimal generating sets U are there?
- How many simple systems are contained in Φ ?

Problem 3. Let $\Delta = \{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n\}$ be a simple system of a finite reflection group W . Let $\beta_1, \dots, \beta_n \in V$ be vectors with $\langle \alpha_i, \alpha_j \rangle = \langle \beta_i, \beta_j \rangle$ for all $i, j = 1, \dots, n$. Show that s_{β_i} generates a finite reflection group that is conjugate to W , that is, equal to gWg^{-1} for some $g \in O(V)$.

Problem 4. Let Φ be a root system with simple system $\Delta = \{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n\}$. For every $\beta \in \Phi^+$, let $\beta = a_1\alpha_1 + \dots + a_n\alpha_n$ be the unique representation with $a_1, \dots, a_n \geq 0$. Define the height as $ht(\beta) = a_1 + \dots + a_n$. Show that $ht(\beta) > 1$ if and only if $\beta \in \Phi^+ \setminus \Delta$.